

More on co-nondeterministic algorithms

Maximum flow problem

Given directed graph with positive edge weights ("capacities"), source s , sink t

An s - t flow is a mapping $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$ s.t.

(1) $f(u,v) \leq c(u,v) \quad \forall (u,v) \in E$ (capacity constraint)

(2) $\sum_{u:(u,v) \in E} f(u,v) = \sum_{u:(v,u) \in E} f(v,u) \quad \forall v \in V \setminus \{s,t\}$ (flow conservation)

incoming flow outgoing flow

The value of a flow f is defined as $\sum_{v:(s,v) \in E} f(s,v)$.

Maximum flow problem: find flow f of maximum value

Decision version: is there a flow of value $\geq t$?

State of the art: $\circ O(mn)$ [King, Rao, Sarjan '94] [Orlin '93]

(essentially) $\circ O(m\sqrt{n} \log U \text{ polylog}(n))$ [Lee, Sidford '14]

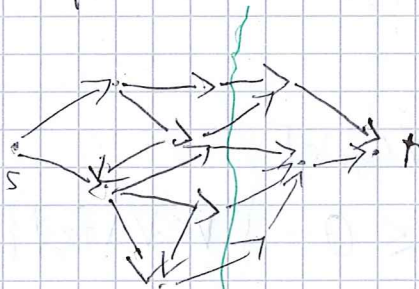
An s - t cut is a partition of V into two sets $S \ni s, T \ni t$

The value of a cut (S, T) is $\sum_{\substack{(u,v) \in E \\ u \in S, v \in T}} c(u,v)$

Theorem [Ford/Fulkerson '56, Elias et al. '56]

value of max s - t flow = value

value of max. s - t flow = value of min. s - t cut



* Consequence:
(interesting)
No reduction from OV to
max flow under NSETH

Linear-time co-nondeterministic algorithm (\exists flow of value $\geq t$?)

\bullet Guess flow f , check capacity constraints and flow conservation, did value $\geq t$?

\bullet Guess cut (S, T) (guess for every node if its in S or T), compute

value of cut and check that it is $< t$

* (interesting)

Linear programming

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{maximize} & c^T x \\ \text{subject to} & Ax \leq b \\ \text{and} & x \geq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} c \in \mathbb{R}^n, b \in \mathbb{R}^m, A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, \text{ given} \\ x \in \mathbb{R}^n \text{ unknown} \\ A \text{ and } b \text{ represent m constraints} \end{array}$$

dual problem

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{minimize} & b^T y \\ \text{subject to} & A^T y \geq c \\ \text{and} & y \geq 0 \end{array}$$

Theorem (LP Duality) [Tuchon '48]

- For all feasible primal solutions x and all feasible dual solutions y (i.e. s.t. $x \geq 0, Ax \leq b, y \geq 0, A^T y \geq c$):
$$c^T x \leq y^T Ax \leq y^T b$$
- For optimal primal and dual solutions x^* and y^* :
$$c^T x^* = b^T y^*$$

Remark: LP duality gives a trivial co-nondeterministic algorithm with running time depending on structure of A

Linear program for max flow:

One variable $f(u, v)$ per edge $(u, v) \in E$

$$\text{maximize} \quad \sum_{(u, v) \in E} f(u, v)$$

$$\text{subject to} \quad f(u, v) \leq c(u, v) \quad \forall (u, v) \in E$$

$$\sum_{u: (u, v) \in E} f(u, v) - \sum_{u: (v, u) \in E} f(v, u) \leq 0 \quad \forall v \in V \setminus \{s, t\}$$

$$f(u, v) \geq 0 \quad \forall (u, v) \in E$$

Remark: One can show that the max-flow min-cut theorem follows from LP duality